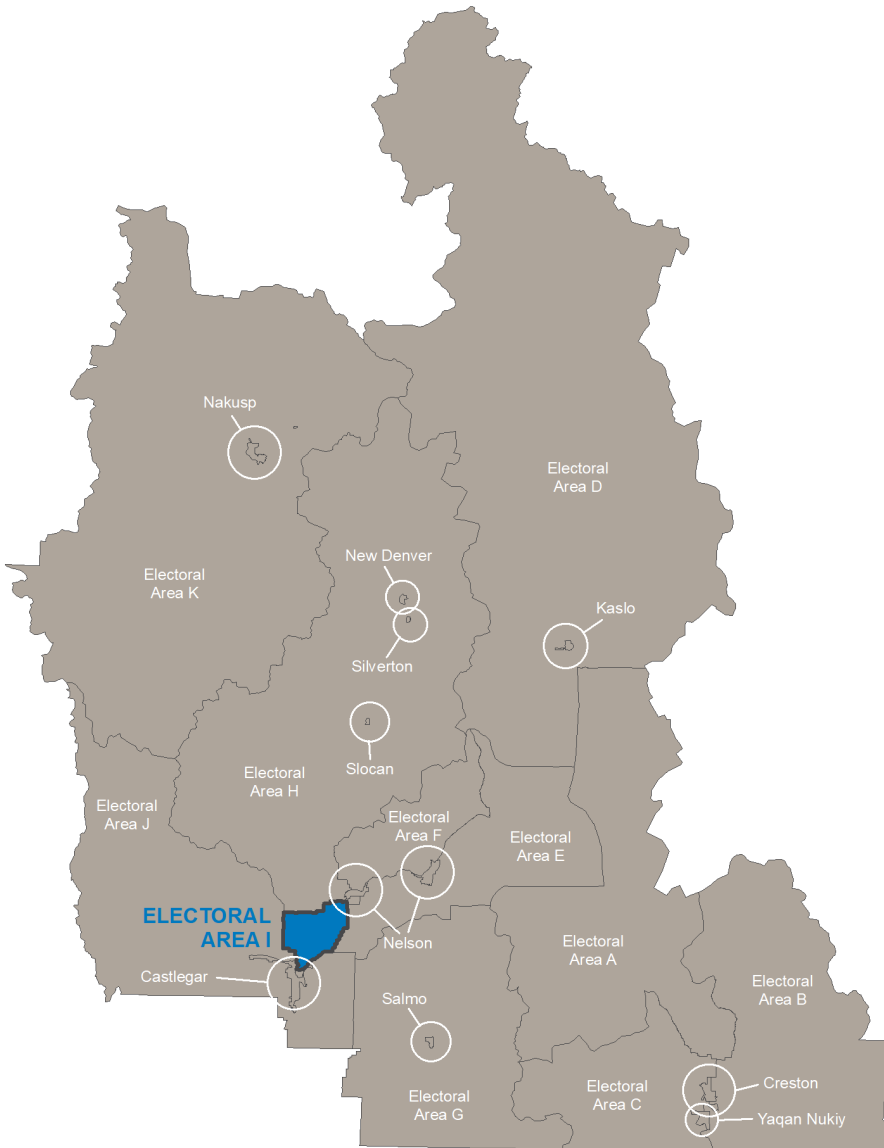


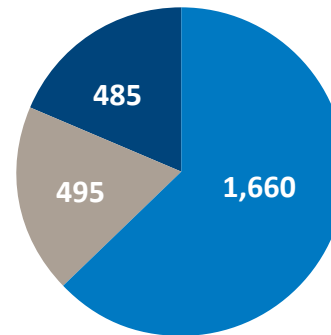
# ELECTORAL AREA I

## Community Summary

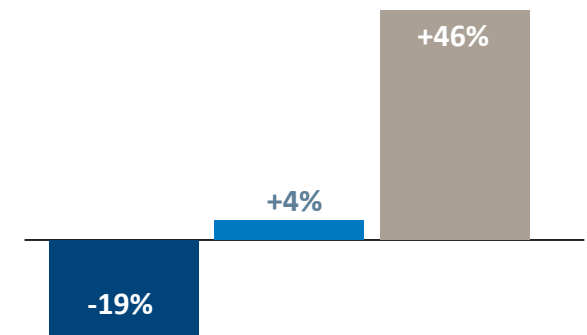


### POPULATION

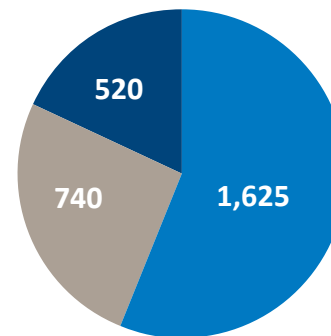
2016



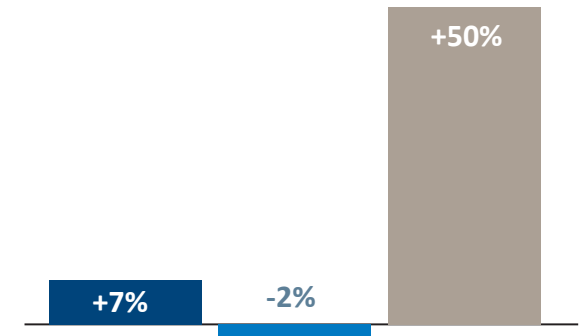
Change: '06-'16



2025



Change: '16-'25

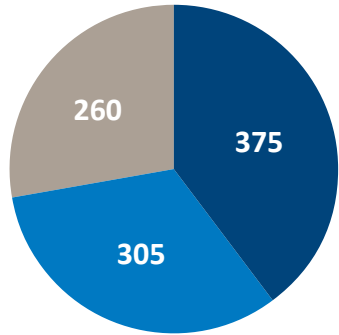


■ Youth (<20) ■ Working Age (20-64) ■ Seniors (65+)

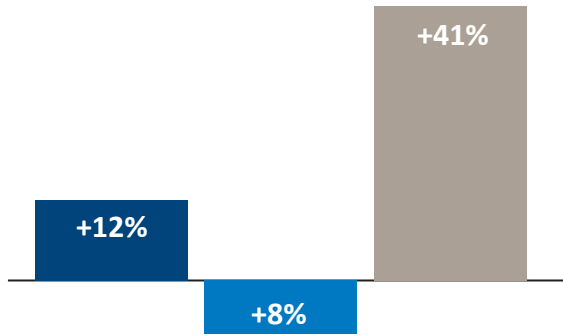
- Electoral Area I's population grew 4% between 2006 and 2016 to 2,640 residents.
- Projections anticipate growth of 9% to 2025, potentially reaching 2,885 people.
- The median age will possibly increase from 47.2 (2016) to 48.4.

## FAMILIES

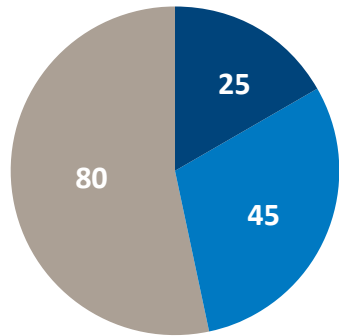
Owners 2016



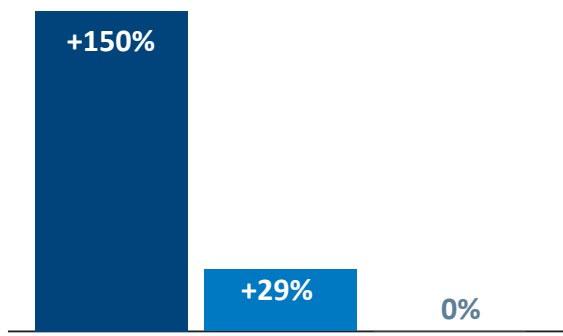
Change: '06-'16



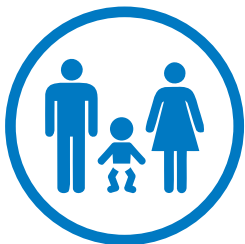
Renters 2016



Change: '06-'16



■ Families w/out Children ■ Families w/ Children ■ Non-families (e.g. singles/roommates)



Families with children grew faster than any other family type for owner and renter households.

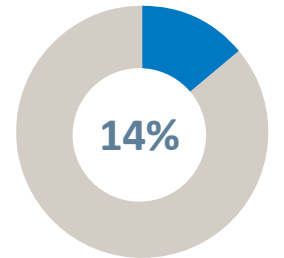
Renter families with children grew twice as fast as owners.

## HOUSEHOLDS



Total permanent households grew 9% between 2006 and 2016 to 1,110.

Households that Rent



Household Rental

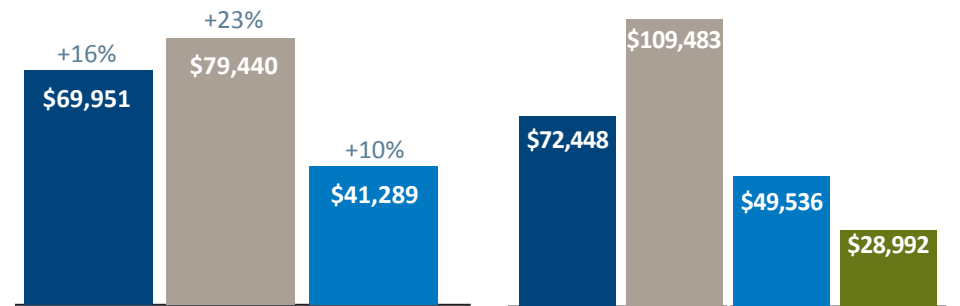


Household Ownership



## INCOME

Median HH Income '15 • Change: '05-'15



■ Total Households ■ Owner Households ■ Renter Households ■ Couple w/o Child ■ Couple w/ Child ■ Lone Parent ■ Singles/Roommates

Households Earning more than \$100,000



Households Earning less than \$100,000



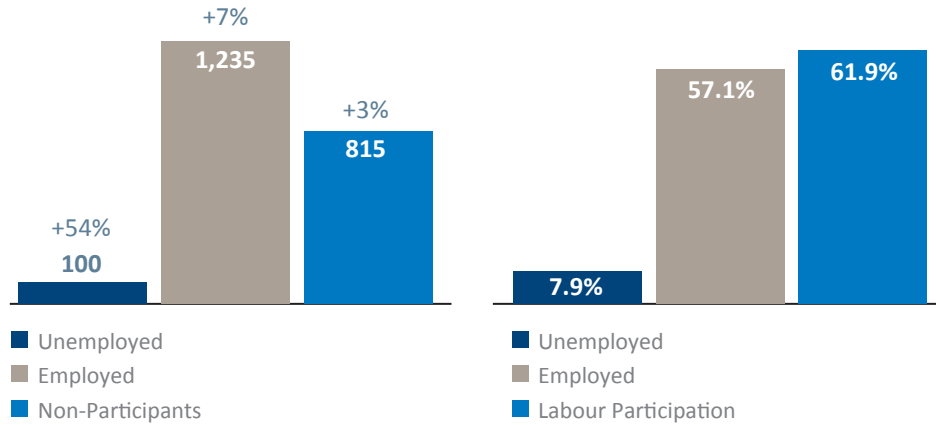
15%

of Electoral Area I residents are in "Low Income" according to Statistics Canada; 17% of children below 18 are low income.

# EMPLOYMENT

Labour Force '16 • Change: '06-'16

Labour Rate 2016



- The labour force (those working or seeking work) grew between 2006 and 2016.
- The total unemployed, and the unemployment rate, increased during that period.

Largest Industries	Total Employed	% Share of Labour Force	%Δ ('06-'16)	% Renters Employed
Manufacturing	190	14.3%	- 19%	8%
Construction	145	10.9%	+ 4%	24%
Health Care	140	10.5%	+ 87%	7%

**7%**  
of workers commute  
within Electoral Area I.

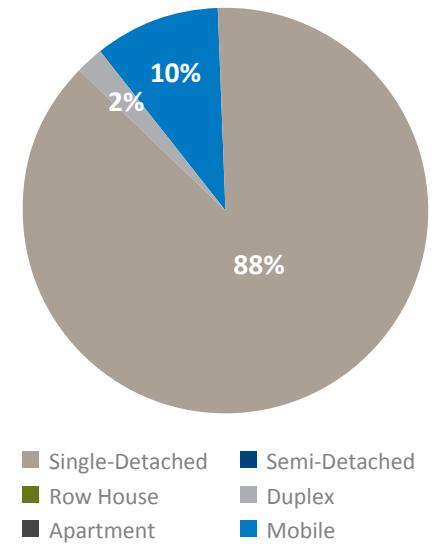
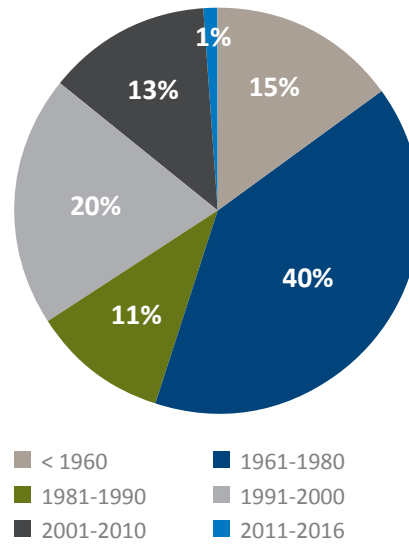


**79%**  
of workers commute to  
another RDCK community.

# HOUSING

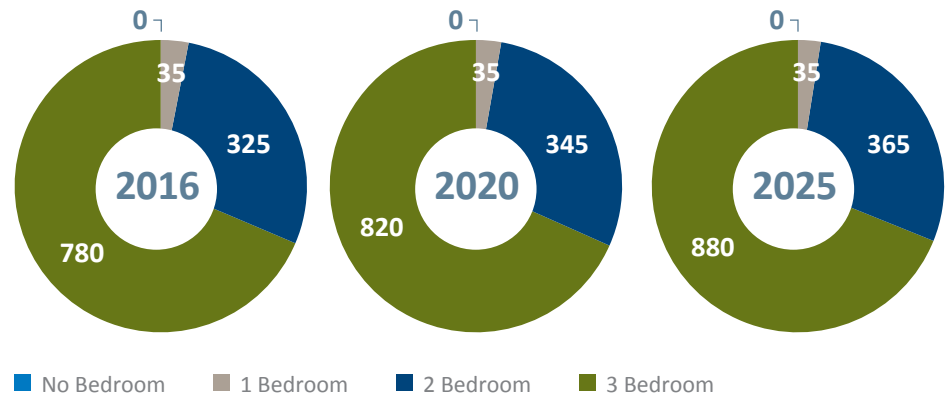
Dwelling Age 2016

Dwelling Type 2016



- About 70% of renter household occupy a dwelling built before 1980, compared to just below 55% of owners.
- Electoral Area I historically builds 5 units annually. Housing projections anticipate an annual private market demand of 16 new units.

# HOUSING DEMAND



## HOUSING PRICE & AVAILABILITY

\* adjusted for inflation \*\* CMHC

	2019	average annual %Δ*
Median House	\$399,677	3.0%
Single-detached	\$440,967	2.0%
Median Rent**	\$863	2.0%
1 Bedroom	\$800	2.0%
3 Bedroom	\$1,110	0.5%

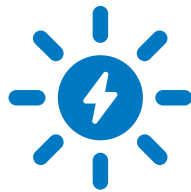
51 residential properties sold in 2019;  
**65% were single-family homes.**

According to CMHC, **less than 1%** of RDCK rentals are vacant.

## ENERGY POVERTY

# 11.1%

Average amount of household after-tax income spent on energy, considered to be below the "energy poverty" line (10%).



Households pay about **\$2,700** per year for utilities and **\$6,000** for gas.

## SHORT-TERM RENTAL (STRs)

# \$6,100

Average additional income annually per listing STRs generated.

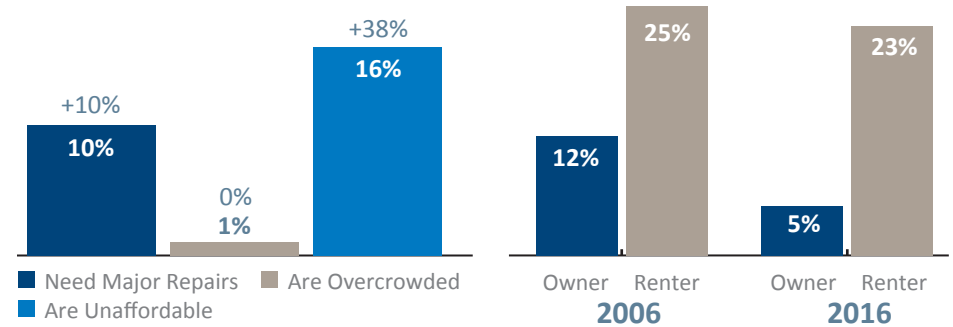


- In 2019, Electoral Area I had maximum 8 dwellings advertised or booked as an STR at one time.
- A maximum of 6 units at any given time were entire homes/apartments available more than half of the year, possibly rendering them unavailable for long-term tenancy.

## HOUSING CONDITION

% of HHs '16 • Change: '06-'16

Core Housing Need: '06-'16



- The number of unaffordable households grew by about 40%.
- Renter households are almost 5x more likely to be in Core Housing Need.

## HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

- The median couple household (often dual income) can afford all Electoral Area I dwelling types in 2019.
- The median lone parent cannot reasonably afford a single-detached home.

Max Affordable House Price by Family Type (vertical bars) vs. Market Price (horizontal lines) 2019 estimates

